

The New Hampshire Constitution—The Third Year necessary to amend it. The recklessness of the whig press in attacking General Pierce on account of the "Catholic Test" in the New Hampshire constitution, is perfectly characteristic. It is undeniable that he has done more for any living man in that State for the repeal of this test. But the attempts made to repeal have failed, though receiving a large majority, for want of two-thirds of the vote cast, in its favor.

The Gazette, as well as other whig papers in the State, have asserted that a two-thirds vote is not required. The assertion is false, as the following quotation from the present constitution of New Hampshire will show. In the last paragraph of the constitution, it is provided that the manner of amendment of the constitution shall be determined by a majority of the qualified voters present and voting on the subject. The delegates to be chosen in the same manner, and proportioned as the representatives to the General Court; provided, that no alteration shall be made in this constitution, before the same shall be laid before the towns and incorporated places. AND APPROVED BY TWO-THIRDS OF THE QUALIFIED VOTERS PRESENT AND VOTING ON THE SUBJECT.

The reader will see now, that though the last attempt made by the Democracy of New Hampshire, under the active and zealous leadership of General Pierce and the late Judge Woodbury, was endorsed by a majority equal to the Democratic strength of the State, yet that it was not sufficient because that party have not two-thirds of the votes in that State.

The recklessness of the above statements and their utter falsity have scarcely a parallel in the present contest. We briefly reply.

Instead of doing more than any living man for the repeal of the test, the records show that he scarcely did anything. He did not even speak in favor of repeal while the question was under consideration.

The Gazette never asserted that a two-thirds vote was not required to repeal the test.

The repeal of the test was not endorsed by a majority equal to the Democratic strength.

So much for the article. Why does not the Gazette publish the official vote? We have done so, and will furnish that paper a copy for publication. It will there be seen that strong Whig towns voted for repeal; that strong Democratic towns voted against repeal. This fact is significant and when taken in connection with another fact that the Whigs of the State have in convention endorsed repeal, upon whom does the responsibility rest? The truth is, had the Democratic towns joined the Whig towns, the odious test would have been wiped away forever.

Now why is the test not abolished? The vote shows that very many Whigs voted for the repeal, and had Pierce the influence claimed for him, or had he exerted that influence as he should have done, his town and county would not have voted so largely against repeal.

A few words more. Religion has nothing to do with this argument. It is a simple question of a political right, denied to a certain class of citizens in a Democratic State. It is an anti-democratic test, at war with the spirit of our institutions, and opposed to every principle of American Democracy. We would not oppose a man on account of his religious creed; but we would oppose a man who in high station did not exercise his influence for the repeal of an obnoxious test, depriving unjustly a large class of citizens of privileges to which they are as much entitled as their neighbor, or on the simple ground that he is not a good Democrat. The cry about appeals to a man's religion, is all gammon. This is another question altogether. A test of this kind, no matter who it effects, is a disgrace to any State.

Now let the Gazette, instead of falsely charging the Whigs with defeating the abolition of this test, publish the official vote, and then its readers can judge for themselves whether the party, or what party, is responsible. The flight of fancy about the active and zealous leadership of Gen. Pierce is mere fancy; there are no records to show that he did anything more than merely give his opinion and his vote.

These reminiscences may be unpleasant to the Democracy who have been laboring for years to incite certain classes of our citizens against the Whig party; but they must blame their own organ, not us, for keeping them before the people. Each week, it reiterates the above falsehoods in some shape or another, and we can do nothing else than show who is responsible.

In March 1852, when the vote was submitted to the people, the Pierce candidate received 30,999 votes the abolition of the test only 9,568. In Hillsborough, Pierce's town, the Pierce candidate had 234 votes, Catholic emancipation 15 votes. Thirty-one strong Democratic towns, which gave the Pierce candidate 4,707 votes, on the test question voted 340 ayes to 2,968 nays. Nineteen strong whig towns, giving the whig candidate 4,135 votes, voted on the test question 2,681 ayes to 791 nays. It is perhaps proper to add that very many, who voted for Governor, did not vote at all upon the test question. But the above figures are significant, and instead of stating general falsehoods, let the Gazette explain away their force. We might extent the list and make still further comparisons, but we forbear. There are very many other towns, which rolled up heavy votes for the Pierce candidate, that did not muster a corporal's guard for emancipation. The Democracy had it in their power to repeal the test with the aid of the Whigs, and are responsible for it. The Whigs never had it in their power, and are not responsible.

The last issue publishes an article which charges that no "worthy soldier" in the Mexican War will vote for Scott. It is a base libel, and could only emanate from a corrupt heart. No decent man would make the charge, no respectable man would publish it. Are the soldiers of that War to be branded as "unworthy," because they love and respect their General, and intend to vote for him? Shame upon the miserable libel!

The rich men of Philadelphia, New York and Boston all become so by advertising.

MASS MEETING.

A Mass Meeting of the friends of

SCOTT AND GRAHAM

will be held in Lancaster.

ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1893.

Upon that occasion will be present,

HON. W. DENNISON, JR.,

of Columbus.

HON. WILLIAM E. FINE,

of Somerset.

And other able speakers whose

names will be announced in due

season.

Note.—The time, it will be

noticed, has been changed from the

21st of September to the 5th of

October.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE TEST.—In reply

to the abuse heaped upon him by the Locofoco

press and orators, W. E. Robinson thus

shows a letter in which he alludes to his

propositions heretofore published, the main

ones being that the Democracy of New

Hampshire are responsible for retaining the

odious test in their constitution and that

Gen. Pierce did not take an active part in

effecting its repeal.

And now what other effort can I make

to test my sincerity in the declarations I have

made? I have offered to forfeit one hundred

dollars if any one of the eight propositions

is proven untrue. I have offered to

leave it to a gentleman not prejudiced in

favor of my side. I will willingly let them

make any reference similarly unprejudiced.

Nay, if any question arises which will

render it necessary to go to Concord to consult

the documents, I will engage to pay the

expenses if I lose. I will go further, and

pledge myself that, if they prove that I have

misstated the facts in the case, I will vote

open ticket for Pierce and King in this

city at noon on the second day of Novem-

ber next. Can I offer more in proof of my

sincerity? Will any amount of loss and de-

preciable sacrifice serve as a substitute for

arguments against propositions like these?

Respectfully, W. E. ROBINSON.

THE EAGLE continues to re-publish the

disgraceful article about our German citi-

zens, purporting to come from the Boscus

Whig. We again charge that the article

was written by a Locofoco. Does the Eagle

deny it?

Baron's Museum and Menagerie.—On

Monday, the 20th inst., this famous travel-

ling museum of wonders will be in the city,

with its big and little elephants, its wax fig-

ures, and curiosities, and other varied ad-

vertisements. This exhibition is something

new and essentially unlike any other in our

curiosity shop, which, with the re-

markably varied character of the entertain-

ment, forms its distinguishing feature and

will attract a crowd. A single price of ad-

mission is all that is required to see the

whole. Tom Thumb alone, with his per-

formances, will draw a crowd. It is said

that the present operation has proved one of

Mr. B.'s most successful efforts.

Agricultural Fair.—As this is the last time

the list of premiums will appear in the

Weekly Gazette, it will be well for our sub-

scribers to preserve a copy. We hope that

every effort will be made to get up as good an

exhibition of articles as possibly can be done

with so short a notice. It is feared, there will

be no trouble on this score. Our citizens

are taking a deep interest in the matter and

we can now prophesy for the Society a long

career of prosperity. It will prove a valu-

able auxiliary to the farming interests of the

county and will stimulate all to keep pace

with the progress of the age.

Religious Notice.—The Rev. C. Gray will

preach at the Methodist Protestant Church,

on next Sunday, at half past 10 o'clock, A.

M., and in the evening, and will preach regu-

larly thereafter every Sabbath morning and

evening.

Religious Notice.—The Protestant Epis-

copal Church will be open for Divine service,

PREMIUMS TO BE AWARDED AT THE FIRST

FAIRFIELD COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

TO BE HELD NEAR LANCASTER, ON THURS-

DAY AND FRIDAY, THE 21ST AND 22ND OF

OCTOBER 1893.

LANCASTER, Ohio, August 28, 1893.—At

a meeting of the "Executive Committee" of

the Fairfield County Agricultural Society,

the following list of Premiums to be awarded

at the first annual Fair, to be held at Lan-

caster, on Thursday and Friday the 21st

and 22nd of October, 1893, was adopted.

CATTLE.

Class 1.—For best thorough bred impor-

ted short horn Bull over 3 years old owned

in the County. Diploma.

2d best do

Best Bull 2 years old

2d best do

Best Bull 1 year old

2d best do

Bull Calf

2d best do

Females same.

For best short horned Bull over 3 years old

raised in County \$5.00

2d best do 3.00

Best 2 year old Bull

2d best do 2.00

Best 1 year old Bull

2d best do 1.00

Best Bull Calf

2d best do 1.00

Females same.

Awarding Committee.—Thos. Huston,

Aug. Perill, John Wylie.

Class 2.—Best common or Grade Bull

over 3 years old 4.00

2d best do 3.00

Best 2 years old

2d best do 2.00

Best 1 year old

2d best do 1.00

Best Bull Calf

2d best do 1.00

Females same.

For best Milch Cow, without regard to

stock 3.00

2d best do 2.00

For best pair Work Oxen

2d best do 5.00

2d best do 3.00

For best short horned fat Steer, over 4 years

old. Diploma.

2d best do 3.00

Best between 2 & 3

2d best do 2.00

For best common fat Steer over 4 years

old 4.00

2d best do 3.00

Best between 2 & 3

2d best do 2.00

Best between 2 & 3

2d best do 1.00

Award. Com.—John Reber of Pickaway

co., Isaac Claypool, Wesley Peters.

HORSES.

Class 1.—Best imported Stallion owned

in the County. Diploma.

2d best do

Best Stallion owned and raised in the county

over 4 years old 5.00

2d best do 3.00

Best 3 years old

2d best do 2.00

Best 2 years

2d best do 1.00

Best Stallion colt over 1 year old

2d best do 1.00

Best draft Horse over 3 years old

2d best do 3.00

Best gelding for light harness

2d best do 3.00

Best pair Matched Horses

2d best do 4.00

Award. Com.—Geo. Beck, Henry Fick-

ler, Abraham Applegate.

Class 2.—Best Gelding over 4 yrs old 3.00

Best Mare over 4 years old 2.00

Best Filly 3 years old 2.00

2d best do 1.00

Best 2 years old

2d best do 1.00

Best Mare Colt

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best 10 yds domestic flannel. 1.00

" Woolen carpet, not less 10 yds 1.00

" Rag carpet " 1.00

" 10 yds tow cloth. 1.00

" " flax 1.00

" double corset. 1.00

" single corset. 1.00

" patch quilt. 1.00

" pair woolen stockings. 1.00

" " socks. 1.00

" Jeans. 1.00

Award. Com.—Geo. Ring, C. Dresbach,

H. Leonard.

VEGETABLES.

Best 6 heads cabbage. 1.00

" 12 turnips. 1.00

" 12 beets. 1.00

" 12 carrots. 1.00

" " peck onions. 1.00

" " tomatoes. 1.00

" 1 bus sweet potatoes. 1.00

" largest pumpkin. 1.00

" 1 do Irish do. 1.00

" " pumpkins. 1.00

" Sample cooking pumpkin. 1.00

" " feeding do. 1.00

Award. Com.—Henry Miers, David Bright,

Martin Landis.

FRUIT.

Best 6 kinds winter apples. 1.00

" 6 " Fall do. 1.00

" sample pears. 1.00

" " Catawba grapes. 1.00

" " Isabella do. 1.00

" sample quinces. 1.00

Award. Com.—John U. Giesy, Augustus

Wilson, D. Huber.

FLOWERS.

Best collection roses in pots \$1.00

" variety dahlias. 1.00

" Annual flowers in pots 1.00

" " Basket of flowers 1.00

Award. Com.—Dr. M. Z. Kreider, Mrs.

D. Tallmadge, Mrs. John C. Caswell, Mrs.

Geo. Weaver, Miss Susan McNeil.

FARM IMPLEMENTS, OPEN TO ALL.

Best plow for general purposes. 2.00

" " " do. 2.00

" " " Corn. 2.00

" Sub-soil plow. 2.00

" Harrow. 2.00

" Wheat Drill. 2.00

" Handrake. 2.00

" Corn planter. 2.00

" " Cultivator. 2.00

" Fanning mill. 2.00

" Straw and Hay cutter. 2.00

" Two-horse wagon. 2.00

" Reaping machine. 2.00

" Mowing do. 2.00

" Thrashing do. 2.00

" Corn and cob mill. 2.00

" Grain cradle. 2.00

" 4 doz hand rakes. 2.00

" Hay fork. 2.00

" " " do. 2.00